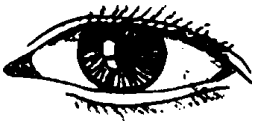
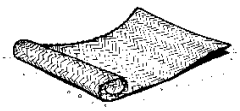
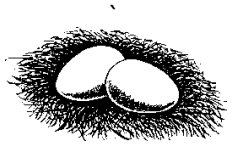
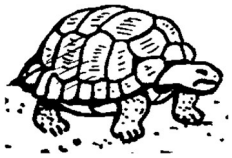
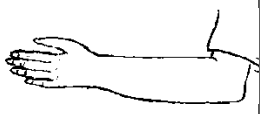
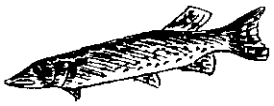
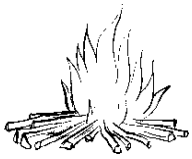
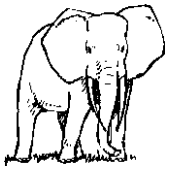
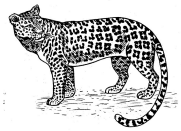
BAPICI BA OSAMAYI

a b c d e ɛ f g h i j k l m n o ɔ p s t u v w y /mb mp nd nt nj ng ny ns nl nk

ɑ A  k**ɑ**l**ɑ**	**b B**  e**b**okɑ	**c C**  e**c**inɑko	**d D**  **d**iho	**e E**  ekɑlɑ
ɛ Ɛ  mɑc**ɛ**yi	**k K**  **K**widi	**l L**  **l**e**l**emi	**m M**  **m**ɑyi	**n N**  mi**n**o
o O  eb**o**	**ɔ Ɔ**  et**ɔ**n**ɔ**	**p P**  **p**oko	**s S**  **s**ombɑ	**t T**  **t**ɑdi
u U  m**u**nyɑ	**v V**  e**v**ɑtɑ	**W W**  e**w**e**w**e	**y Y**  lka**y**i	**z Z**  **Z**oku
mb MB  **mb**ula	**mp Mp**  m'**mp**opa	**nd ND**  e**w**ɑhɑ	**nt NT**  **y**emi	**nj NJ**  **mb**adi
ng NG  **ng**ɔyi	**ny NY**  **n**gânde			

1. **Règles d'orthographe**
2. Toutes les lettres se lisent.
3. Les voyelles <**i**>, <**u**>, <**ɔ**>, <**a**> sont affectées par la nasalisation quand elles sont au contact des prénasales ou du gaphème <h>.
4. La lettre <**c**> représente la consonne affriquée [ʧ].
5. La lettre <**j**> représente la consonne affriquée [ʤ].
6. La lettres <**n'**> portant apostrophe représente une nasale syllabique en debut de mot.
7. Les lettres <**i**> et <**u**> deviennent respectivement <y> et <w> quand elles sont suivies d'une voyelle de timbre différent.
8. Les combinaisons des nasales + consonnes (NC) indiquent des consonnes prénasalisées **mb mp nd nt nj ng ny ns nl nk nz**